

EFFECT OF TRAINING IN THE DOGS' BRAIN

YOUR DOG BECOMES PHYSICALLY ADDICTED TO LISTENING TO YOU!

- ▶ Training stimulates pleasure center of dog's brain
- ▶ Boosts release of pleasure chemical, Oxytocin
- ▶ Reduces levels of stress chemical, Cortisol
- ▶ Makes your dog want to REPEAT positive behaviors
- ▶ Improves your dog's ability to read body language
- ▶ Increases appropriate response to verbal cues
- ▶ Dog feels more confident at home & in public
- ▶ Dog associates you with good feelings & fun
- ▶ Dog is happier, less anxious, more social

STIMULATES THE DOG'S BRAIN AND MAKE IT MORE EFFICIENT AND POWERFUL

Enhances the dog's intelligence rather than its instinctive knowledge



Sensitive to changes in their environment, including not only those in the atmosphere, but in our own expression and moods as well



Can suppress even their strongest natural instincts



Ability to perceive and interpret the signals it receives from the environment

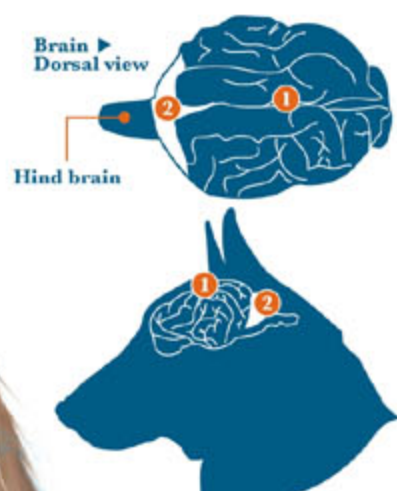


Can also reason and think for themselves as seen most dramatically when they save lives, determining in an instant the best response to a crisis



ADVANTAGES OF DOG TRAINING

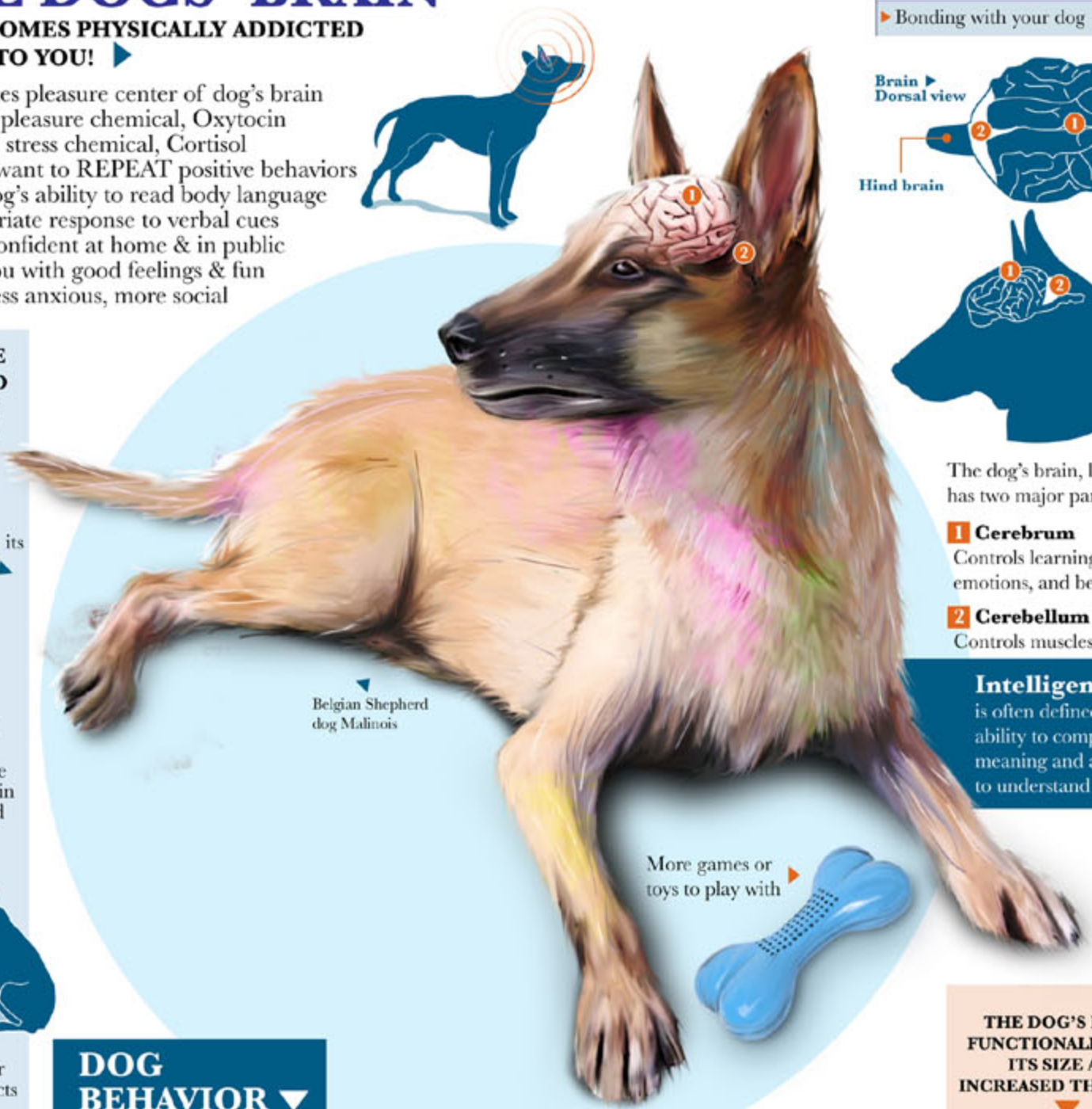
- ▶ Finding lost items
- ▶ Provides mental stimulation to dogs which is essential to raising a well-balanced dog
- ▶ Bonding with your dog



The dog's brain, like ours, has two major parts:

- 1 Cerebrum**
Controls learning, emotions, and behavior
- 2 Cerebellum**
Controls muscles

Intelligence is often defined as an ability to comprehend meaning and a capacity to understand

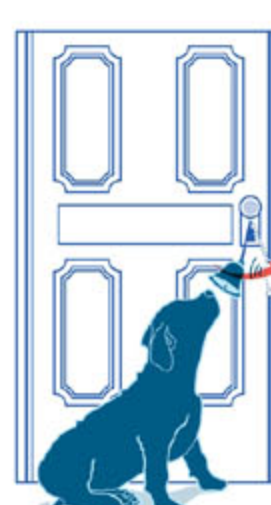


Belgian Shepherd dog Malinois

More games or toys to play with



DOG BEHAVIOR



Replacement Behavior

A positive behavior that you train your dog to do as a replacement to their bad behavior. By rewarding this replacement behavior with treats, dogs become more motivated to perform the good replacement behavior instead of their naughty behavior. A replacement behavior you can use on puppies who will potty on the carpet when you are not looking, is to instead ring a bell that is hung from a door when they need to go potty. Getting a reward for ringing a bell, becomes much more rewarding than getting scolded for eliminating on your carpet.



Captured Behavior

A captured behavior is a behavior you notice your dog doing naturally, like eliminating outside in the grass instead of indoors, where you give your dog a treat the instant they do the appropriate behavior. By giving a puppy a treat every time they go potty outside they learn to associate outside as a more positive place to go potty. This helps establish good potty training habits.



Incompatible Behavior

A simple behavior that your dog can be told to do that directly conflicts with their ability to do the naughty behavior. One way to use incompatible behaviors on dogs who like to chase things, is to always reward your dog for making eye contact with you whenever they see something new. By building this habit, dogs can be trained to look to their owners for instructions when anything new enters their environment... even squirrels.

THE DOG'S BRAIN FUNCTIONALITY AND ITS SIZE ARE INCREASED THROUGH:

New changes of scene to explore



More interaction with animals and other people



Greater sensory stimulation



TOP SEVEN EASIEST TO TRAIN DOGS



	BORDER COLLIE	POODLE	GERMAN SHEPHERD
SIZE	Medium-Large	Small-Large	Large
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	England 1800s. Bred by cross-breeding Bearded and Harlequin Collies with Pointers or Setters.	Germany, Middle Ages	Germany
TRAINABILITY	Excellent	Good	Excellent



SHETLAND SHEEPDOG



DOBERMANN



LABRADOR RETRIEVER



PAPILLON

TOP SEVEN HARDEST TO TRAIN DOGS



	AFGHAN HOUND	BASENJI	BULLDOG
SIZE	Large	Small-Large	Small-Large
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	Afghanistan	Zaire	England
TRAINABILITY	Difficult	Bad	Difficult



CHOW CHOW



BEAGLE



BORZOI (RUSSIAN WOLFHOUND)



BLOODHOUND

THE 4 BEST DOG MEMORY ENHANCERS:

- ▶ Regular training
- ▶ Plenty of exercise
- ▶ Good diet
- ▶ Regular socialization

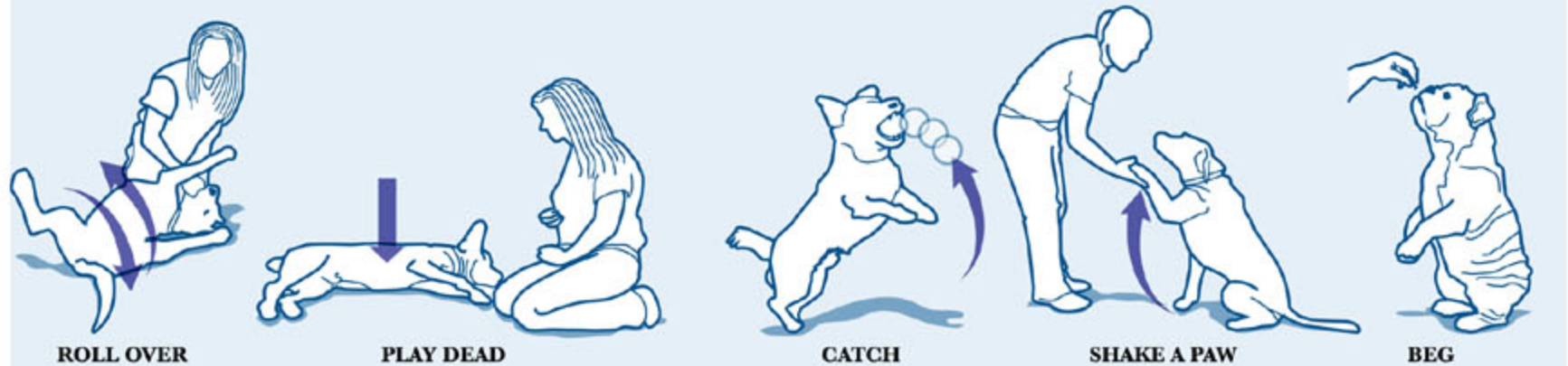


TRAINING OPTIMIZES YOUR DOG'S BRAIN FUNCTION:

- ▶ Physically alters the structure of the brain
- ▶ Expands the number of brain circuits used
- ▶ Problem solving skills are improved
- ▶ Prevents cognitive decline & memory loss



FIVE EASIEST TRICKS TO TEACH A DOG



FIVE HARDEST TRICKS TO TEACH A DOG



POPULAR TECHNIQUES FOR EASIER DOG LEARNING

Start with a good leash

Start with few basic commands: "Sit" "Stay" "Heal" "Roll Over" "Stop"

Always reward your dog immediately after it performs the desired action

Make sure you are using a treat that is of high value to your dog to provide motivation

Ensure there are no distractions in the environment when teaching a new trick

Remember to keep training fun for you and your dog

Show affection Big hug "Good boy" Pat on the head Guidelines

Introduction to the exterior and interior of the house. Teach dogs early on some boundaries

Teach in short but frequent training sessions: 3-5 minutes is best Up to 10 times throughout a day, depending on your dog's attention span

Keep commands one or two-syllable words - which is easiest for the dog to identify

Always end on a high note - if the 5 minutes are almost up, and your dog is doing well, stop.

STATISTICS

6.6%
very committed dog owners spend more than 20 hours a week

19.2%
spend less than 30 minutes per week training their dog, which is alarming

3.2%
of dog owners do not train their dogs

Female
dogs are easier to obedience train than males.

Results

to 9-10 trained dog rating, with 10 as highest